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 Ecology • Application Reviews
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 Environmental Planning & Management
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 Expert Testimony • Permitting

February 16, 2011

Town of Old Saybrook, Planning Commission and Staff 302 Main Street Old Saybrook, CT 06475-1741

**RE:** Ecological Communities in Ingham Hill and West PRD

Dear Commissioners and Planners:

Because we received response documents to our report dated January 15<sup>th</sup> only this afternoon, time constraints prevent our responding to most points in writing. Following are primarily bullets pertaining to water quality impacts.

- □ We stand by our statement in the January 19<sup>th</sup> report that adverse impacts from nutrient enrichment to *aquatic communities* (in-pool, in-stream, & down-stream) are indeed likely.
- However, after finding and reviewing the species lists for Wetland 4, Wetland 6, and Wetland 9, we do agree with Dr. Luce's letter provided by Mr. Gometz that the floristic community is *not* likely to be impacted.
- □ We note that none of the reviewers disagreed with our statement that only 40% to 60% of septic leachate is treated in a code-compliant septic system.

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## Town of Old Saybrook, Planning Commission RE: The Preserve Proposed Open Space Subdivision Plan Modifications February 16, 2011

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- □ Nor did anyone challenge our statement that shallow bedrock increased the proportion of leachate that is discharged as shallow groundwater into headwaters seeps and streams.
- No reviewer challenged our statements regarding the >10-fold lower threshold for aquatic impairment by nitrate-nitrogen, based on USEPA criteria, relative to the 10 mg/l human health standard to which septic system are designed.
- □ It was pointed out that denitrification and uptake by plants in riparian buffers can remove substantial nitrogen, but as pointed out in the Paul Heisig paper cited in our previous report, this nutrient removal mechanism is *seasonal*. The wetlands downgradient of the Ingham Hill pod lack broad bordering lowland terraces, where large amounts of denitrification could occur.
- Dr. Luce disagreed that all headwater wetlands and watercourses have low dilution capacity, but did not go so far as to state that dilution would be low at this site. It is obvious that a pool with low throughflow and first order headwater streams provide substantially less dilution than higher order brooks and rivers, or sizable lakes.
- The upgradient watershed area and soil types are key determinants of dilution potential. Information on existing nitrate-N concentrations is also needed, but never did the applicant now or in the past supplied such critical baseline data. The more refined type of dilution analysis (CTDEP 2006) that REMA recommended in our 1-17-11 report is one that applicants are increasingly asked by town commissions to provide, in our experience, when septic systems are proposed upgradient of sensitive resources.
- EPS pointed out, that home densities were several times higher in the Croton Watershed study of headwaters ground-water-fed streams than at this site. The point of that study was to show that in unsewered residential neighborhoods, nitrate-N does make its way into streams. Different soil types and landforms can accommodate different home densities before impairment begins. Again note that all of the reviewed sites, including the Ingham Hill Road proposal, are characterized by shallow to bedrock soils.



- The EPS report stated that the Heisig study (March 2000) lacked water quality data. The study did indeed include analyzed water quality data in graphical form. I do encourage you to download this USGS paper from the internet. If you have trouble feel free to contact REMA, and we shall e-mail the document. We attach water quality data from another headwaters CT stream in a bedrock-controlled landscape, in Oxford, CT, as an example of low concentrations of nitrate-nitrogen. Based on our substantial data set, this is repeated over and over again throughout CT in similar landforms and dominant soils.
- □ We will respond to Dr. Klemens' comments regarding vernal pools verbally. However, it should be noted that we never used the "conserved" "non-conserved" designations in our reporting. We also did review the 2005 data he produced. The reference to the 2004 data is an error.
- □ We should also note that the vernal pool inventory data referred to by Mr. Klein is not in the list of exhibits for this hearing. Without being able to review this data we cannot agree that Vernal Pool #37 is a sink vernal pool of no conservation value.

Respectfully submitted,

REMA ECOLOGICAL SERVICES, LLC

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Principal Ecologist

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Professional Wetland Scientist

Registered Soil Scientist

Certified Ecologist

VIA HAND-DELIVERY

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## WATER QUALITY DATA

# FROM NINE CONNECTICUT SITES (PAST REMA PROJECT SITES)

WITH SAMPLING LOCATIONS, CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORMS, & LAB RESULTS SHEETS

\*80 Larkey Road, Oxford, Connecticut, - May 2008

Great Brook, Groton - January 2006

Old Clark Hill Road, East Hampton – January 2007

Orchard Road, East Haddam - April 2008

Dundee Drive, Cheshire – April 2008

Park Road Extension, Middlebury April 2007

Russell Road & Perimeter Road, East Granby, CT April 2008

Compiled by Sigrun N. Gadwa at the request of the Oxford IWWC. Includes pristine headwaters streams and pools, as well as watercourse set within largely developed landscapes

Fig. 1: Site Locus; 80 Larkey Rd, Oxford, CT & Downgradient Stream JACKS MN\ 14° 1000 FEET 1000 METERS 500

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Table 2. Surface water analytical results for a first order unnamed perennial stream 70 Larkey Road, Oxford, Connecticut. Stream is a south-flowing tributary of the Little River in the Naugatuck River branch of the Housatonic River Drainage Basin (Basin #6920). Site is underlain by Chatfield-Charlton soils, relatively shallow to bedrock. Stream begins ~1000 feet to the north in an ~20 acre swamp. Upgradient upland land use is low-density single-family residential with septic systems and >60% forest cover. Sampled by REMA Ecological Services, LLC on April 22, 2008, under dry weather conditions. Last rain: 0.57", 9 days prior.

Sampling Station  Sampling Date:  Sampling Time:	Ox1: First order perennial streamin bedrock controlled landscape at base of moderate-gradient riffle, just upgradient of braided stream stretch through low-gradient wetland 4/22/08 11:30 AM	Standards
Dissolved Oxygen (mg/l)	_	5
Conductivity (uS/cm)**	92	NE
Temperature (° C)	_	
рН	6.71	as naturally occurs <sup>1</sup>
Nitrate/Nitrite-N (mg/l)*	<0.01	0.31 <sup>2</sup>
Ammonia as Nitrogen	0.07	
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN) mg/l	0.45	
Total nitrogen (TN)(calculated)	0.45	0.612
Total Phosphorus as P (mg/l)***	0.05	only of natural origin <sup>1</sup> ; 0.023 <sup>2</sup>

## NOTES:

N/A = Not applicable

= No data collected

Nitrate-N bolded for data comparison

NE = No standard established

mg/L = milligrams per Liter; ug/L = micrograms per Liter

Nutrients, conductivity, and pH tested by Phoenix Laboratories, Manchester, CT. Samples kept on ice until delivery to the laboratory, within seven hours of sample collection

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The State of Connecticut

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> EPA Nutrient Criteria (draft) for EcoRegion 1V , Legel 11 Ecoregion 59 (coastal New England )

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> State of CT. Freshwater Aquatic Criteria

<sup>\*</sup> Nitrate-N and Nitrite-N results were combined for convenient comparison with EPA criterion. Nitrite-N results is almost always <0.01 mg/l in surface-water samples.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Note that specific conductivity is expected to be seomwhat higher in a perennial stream than in a headwaters pool or intermittent stream even without added nitrate-N other stormwater constituents.

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THE CALL OF THE		Environmental Laboratories,	Customer: 8: 8 10/01 /2 / Co	Address:	Client Sample - Info	Sampler's Signature	Matrix Code: DW=drinking water WW=wastews GW=groundwater SL=sludge		E Lan		2				22			Somments, Special Requirements or Regulations:



## Environmental Laboratories, Inc.

587 East Middle Turnpike, P.O.Box 370, Manchester, CT 06040 Tel. (860) 645-1102 Fax (860) 645-0823



# **Analysis Report**

April 30, 2008

FOR:

Attn: Ms. Sigrun Gadwe

Rema Ecological Services

164 East Center Street

Suite 2

Manchester CT 06040

Sample Information

Custody Information

Date

<u>Time</u>

Matrix:

SURFACE WATER

Collected by:

04/22/08

11:30

Location Code:

Received by:

SG LB

04/22/08

15:45

Rush Request:

Analyzed by:

see "By" below

P.O.#:

**Laboratory Data** 

SDG I.D.: GAQ21235

Phoenix I.D.: AQ21235

Client ID: LARKIN RD., REVIEW

REMA

Parameter	Result	RL	Units	Date	Time	Ву	Reference
Conductivity	91.5	2.0	umhos/cm	04/22/08		JR/EG	SM2510B
Ammonia as Nitrogen	0.07	0.02	mg/L	04/30/08		WM	350.1
Nitrite-N	< 0.01	0.01	mg/L	04/22/08	22:14	EW	E353.2
Nitrate-N	< 0.01	0.01	mg/L	04/22/08	22:14	EW	E353.2
)	6.71	0.10	рН	04/22/08		JR/EG	4500-H B/9045
ıvıtrogen Tot Kjeldahl	0.45	0.1	mg/L	04/30/08		WM	E351.1
Phosphorus, as P	0.05	0.05	mg/L	04/24/08		JL	SM4500P E

### Comments:

If there are any questions regarding this data, please call Phoenix Client Services at extension 200. ND=Not detected BDL=Below Detection Limit RL=Reporting Limit

Phyllis Shiller, Laboratory Director

April 30, 2008